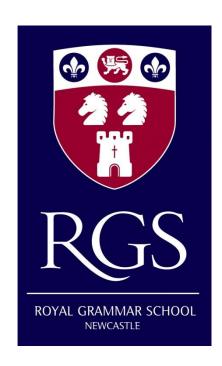
RGS Junior School Year 6 Curriculum 2020-2021





"One School, One Team."

Welcome to Year 6. We know that the children are always excited about being the oldest children in the school and we aim to make it a memorable one. Although this year is very different, we still aim to include trips such as the bushcraft day and we are monitoring the situation carefully in the hope that the London trip can go ahead – we will keep you posted. As the end of the year approaches, we also begin to prepare the children for Senior School, with events such as Year 7 students visiting, assemblies and a visit to Senior School.

Below you will find some guidance as to the work which will be covered over the course of Year 6. As you would imagine, we are always keen to take advantage of opportunities that may present themselves at different times during the year which will further enhance learning within the year group (for example: the offer of an author visit or reacting to events in the region or around the world), and *this means that there may be some changes to the plans below*.

| Year 6 Maths | | |
|--|--|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Place value - using and applying Estimation and rounding Special numbers: square, triangular, primes Mental arithmetic skills - + and - Standard written method +, x & - Calculator work 3 digit by 2 digit multiplication Division - short division (by single digit + remainder), 4 digit by 1 digit, 3/4 digit by 2d Decimals - place value and ordering Review: probability, ratio + proportion, vocabulary of 2D and 3D shapes, brackets, frequency tables, interpretation of graphs, perimeter, Venn diagrams Nets of 3D shapes Fractions, equivalence, ordering + and - Surveys: use of graphs, link with computing Decimals Multiplication 1 & 2 decimal points Division by 10/100/1000 and to 1 and 2 decimal places Rounding and estimating Fractions- adding and subtracting BIDMAS / BODMAS. | Percentages - link with fractions/decimals, comparing and ordering Data handling, trend graphs, comparative bar graphs Range, mode, mean and median Spreadsheets Interpretation of a database Frequency tables - class intervals Area - formula Composite shapes Right-angled triangles Volume and capacity - using and applying Co-ordinates with negative values Symmetry, rotation and translation Length, scale, km/m/cm Sequences and patterns Area of a parallelogram Converting between miles and km Calculating volume of 3D Shapes Finding unknowns in algebra. Multiplying and dividing fractions. Create circle poster explaining radius, diameter, circumference, pi and formula for area and circumference. | Review - key skills for SATs using homework sessions and, if needed, class work time. Complete sequences and patterns Formula and equations Time - 12/24 clock, durations, + and – Timetables - using and applying Angles - measuring and calculating Weight - T/kg/g, reading scales Probability testing numbers 1-6/1-10/21 number combinations (ICT- Graphs) Probability testing – graphs and computing- continued. Long division - standard written method. Rate - time, speed and distance Constructing and drawing of angles. Problem solving skills for able and talented Data collecting and handling - road traffic survey and/ or fitness tests. Angles of elevation and scale drawing Compass direction and 3 figure bearings |

| Year 6 Spanish | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------|--|
| Autumn Term Spring Term Summer Term | | | |
| Colours | Sports & opinions | food | |
| Parts of the face | Numbers to 100 | | |
| | Time | | |

| | Y | ear 6 English | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| | Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Writing | Descriptive: varying style | Balanced arguments; | Revisiting previous styles of writing; |
| | appropriate to the genre; | Interviews | Independent, extended writing task. |
| | Non-chronological texts; | Journalistic writing; | |
| | Leaflets; | Descriptive writing; | |
| | Persuasive writing | | |
| Grammar & Language | Adjectives and adverbs; | Figurative language; | Using grammar and punctuation |
| | Paragraphing; | Colons & semi-colons; | within a variety of different writing |
| | Commas (inc. parenthetic commas); | Active & passive; | tasks. |
| | Revision of apostrophes; | Synonymns & antonyms; | |
| | Dashes & brackets; | Homophones; | |
| | Connectives; | Subjunctive; | |
| | Formal language; | Layout devices; | |
| | Cohesive devices. | Revisiting previous grammar & | |
| | | punctuation. | |
| Comprehension | Comprehensions taken from a variety | of different text books. | |
| | Developing the ability to recognize dif | ferent types of questions and the most ϵ | effective ways to answer these (in |
| | particular inference questions); | | |
| | Developing skills to answer questions | more independently. | |
| Reading | Independent reading of fiction, non-fi | ction & poetry books; | |
| | Shared reading in class, including reading aloud from a variety of stimuli, including class novels; | | |
| | Reading for meaning & understanding | J. | |

| Year 6 Science | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | |
| Interdependence and adaptation | Changing circuits | Micro-organisms | |
| Life processes, review of plants, classification, | Symbols for components in circuits, circuit | Introduce micro-organisms, disease, food | |
| identification keys, food chains, food webs, | diagrams, the brightness of bulbs, or speed of | production, decay, food storage, decay can be | |
| different animals and plants are found in | motors, etc., in a circuit can be changed by | beneficial, micro-organisms feed and grow. | |
| different habitats, animals and plants are | changing components in a variety of ways, | | |
| suited to their environment, adaptation to | series and parallel circuits. | How we see things | |
| daily and seasonal changes, interdependence | More about dissolving | Light travels from a source, representing the | |
| between plants and animals, evolution, | How do we know a substance has dissolved, | direction of a beam of light, reflection, | |
| theories, Darwin | solutions words, factors involved in | shadows, refraction of light, structure of the | |
| | determining solubility or the speed of | eye, how we see, pinhole camera, colour – | |
| | dissolving, fair testing and repeating tests, | the spectrum, primary colours of light and | |
| Forces in action | filtering, sieving, describing a scientific | pigments, filters. Optical illusions. | |
| Gravity, weight and mass, using forcemeters, | process in a series of sequenced steps. | | |
| several forces may act on one object, | Reversible and irreversible changes | | |
| representing forces by arrows, force | Mixing materials can cause them to change, | | |
| experiments, air resistance, floating and | some changes that occur when materials are | | |
| sinking. | mixed can easily be reversed, some changes | | |
| | that occur when materials are mixed cannot | | |
| | easily be reversed, heating and cooling, | | |
| | burning, assessing hazards and risks in | | |
| | burning materials. | | |
| | | | |

| Year 6 French | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Numbers 70 to 100 Drinks | Food Ordering food and drinks Mealtimes | Appearance and personality |

| Year 6 Geography | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Spring Term | Summer Term | | |
| Why do so many people in the world live in megacities? What are megacities and where are they located? Why is Milton Keynes the UK's fastest growing city? Why is Brasilia the fastest growing city in Brazil? How do the advantages of living in a city compare to the disadvantages? Brazil Welcome to Brazil Physical and human features Climate The Amazon Rainforest | What is a river? How does the course of the River Axe change from source to mouth? How does the course of the River Tyne change from source to mouth? Why are river estuaries such important places for wildlife? Why are rivers such an important part of the water cycle? Why is river flooding such a problem in Bangladesh? | | |
| | Spring Term Why do so many people in the world live in megacities? What are megacities and where are they located? Why is Milton Keynes the UK's fastest growing city? Why is Brasilia the fastest growing city in Brazil? How do the advantages of living in a city compare to the disadvantages? Brazil Welcome to Brazil Physical and human features Climate | | |

| Year 6 History | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | |
| Early Islamic Civilisation | World War 2 | Life after World War 2 | |
| What is history? | Timelines | The Windrush Generation | |
| Location of Baghdad and the benefits. | Causes of the war | The Swinging 60s | |
| Comparing Baghdad to the UK. | Key leaders in World War 2 | Music, TV and film | |
| The Round City | The Blitz | | |
| The House of Wisdom | Air raids | | |
| The Great Thinkers | Air raid shelters- Anderson, Morrison | | |
| The End of the Empire | Evacuation | | |
| | Dig for victory | | |
| Crime and Punishment | Women in the War | | |
| The Romans | How did the war affect people? | | |
| Anglo Saxon Law and Order | | | |
| Torturing Tudors | | | |
| Dick Turpin | | | |
| Victorian Prisons | | | |

| Year 6 PSHE/Religious Education | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | |
| Living in the Wider World | Relationships* | Health and Wellbeing | |
| My year ahead | My self and body image | Food | |
| Being a global citizen 1 | Puberty | Drugs | |
| Being a global citizen 2 | Girl talk / boy talk | Alcohol | |
| Understanding disability | Conception to birth | Emotional and mental health | |
| Celebrating difference | Transition to senior school | Managing stress | |
| Religion: Sikhism Theme: Beliefs and moral values Key Question: Are Sikh stories important today? | Religion: Christianity Theme: beliefs and meaning Key Question: Is anything ever eternal? | Religion: Islam Theme: Beliefs and moral values Key Question: Does belief in Akhirah (life after death) help Muslims lead good lives? | |

^{*}Please note that a letter giving full details of this part of the programme will be sent home **before** the topic is addressed in lessons.

| Year 6 Computing | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | |
| Rules of Responsible use of Computers, iPad | Reminder of e-safety key messages. | Revision of e-safety rules. | |
| and the Internet. | Safer Internet Day: Tuesday 9th February | Maria of Commutou Science | |
| Networks and the Internet | Lego Spike Prime An introduction to robotics and physical | Magic of Computer Science The children will use magic tricks to develop their ability to follow and write algorithms. | |
| Children will learn about what computer | computing using block-based programming. | | |
| networks are and how they are used in everyday life. They will also learn about how | Digital Citizens | We are Publishers —Creating a Yearbook In this unit, the pupils produce a class | |
| to effectively use the internet for research, and create a video explaining this. | Children will learn about how to be positive digital citizens, including looking at potential e-safety risks and how to avoid them. | yearbook or school magazine using desktop publishing tools. They source, write, edit and combine images and text from a range of | |
| E-Safety Focus – How to identify reliable websites and how to spot which content is an advertisement. | | sources. | |
| Throughout this half term, we will also focus on computational thinking skills in lesson starters, in preparation for the Bebras competition in November. | | | |
| Blockly Programming Using a website called Code for Life, children will learn about the basic programming constructs and how to apply these to a problem. | | | |
| We will also take part in the Bebras computational thinking competition during lessons this half term. | | | |

| Year 6 Drama | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Acting Skills Monologues | Macbeth | Silent Film: Dracula End of Year Production |

| Year 6 D&T | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Autumn Term Spring Term Summer Term | | Summer Term |
| Control Mechanisms – Moving Toys | Textiles – Soft Toys | Food Technology – Fruit Crumble |

| Year 6 Art | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Term | Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Topic | Art Movements | Rainforest Art | Portraits and MY project |
| Painting | Impressionism through Monet Vorticism through Lewis | Painted parrots | |
| Drawing | Surrealism through Dali Pointillism through Seurat Expressionism through Munch | Rainforest Chalk Animals Jungle Flower Observations. | Toddler portrait Self-portrait sketch. |
| Sculpture | Giacometti Wire Sculptures | Rainforest tile | Symbolic Self-Portrait (Shoebox Art) |
| Textiles | | Great artist: Henri Rousseau collage | |
| Digital Media | iPad Pop Art (Andy Warhol) | | Great artist study: Warhol |
| Art Appreciation | Georges Seurat | Edvard Munch | |

| | Year 6 Music | |
|--|---|---|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
| Journey into Space | Jazz | Preparation of musical play. |
| Using Holst's <i>The Planets</i> , children will further their understanding of how moods can be achieved through music. Children will compose, perform and evaluate a group composition, inspired by <i>Mars</i> on the theme of War. There will be a listening focus on tempo, dynamics, instrumentation and sonority. Children will compose musical | Using Philip Lane's <i>Celebration Overture</i> , children will be introduced to Jazz music and its origins, namely Blues and Boogie-Woogie. They will learn about rhythmic features such as tied notes, syncopation and dotted crotchets. The children will learn to identify intervals in music and the topic will culminate in making rhythmic compositions that include tied quavers. | Songs are learnt; elements of staging a play explored in detail through example and own work. Musical and dramatic concepts explored Music for a specific purpose, Musical, visual and dance representation of Place, Event and Setting, Theatre company composition and duties involved. |
| soundscapes inspired by space travel. It is hoped that Garage Band will be used to explore with sounds, loops and layering of instruments. Musical concepts explored: Graphic scores How sounds can portray effect and create atmosphere Composition Performance | Composition – including tied notes, musical sequences and repetition Syncopation and dotted crotchets Standard notation Music and Words We will look at advertising jingles – how they reflect the product and catch the attention of prospective buyers. They will identify features of successful | Performance. This half term will concentrate on getting the musical play ready for performance, which will include: • Preparation of props, costumes posters, programmes, tickets • Rehearsal. |
| Carol Service preparation. Year-Group, whole Y5/6 and congregational carols are learnt. | jingles before composing their own slogans and jingles for a fictional product. | |
| Developing performance skills: For a specific place, For a specific occasion, | Musical concepts explored: How music and words can work together to great effect Composition – catchy, memorable tunes and rhythms | |
| Developing singing skills: Accuracy, Expression, Physical presentation. | | |

| Year 6 Physical Education | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | | |
| Fundamental skills | Dance | Athletics | | |
| Introduction to functional movement. | Perform dances using a range of movement | Developing skills in a variety of jumps, runs, | | |
| Every lesson will allow children to develop | patterns. Learn and create dance routines. | throws focusing on correct technique and | | |
| their locomotion, manipulation and | House dance competition. | fundamentals. | | |
| stabilisation skills (fundamental movement | | | | |
| skills) | Ball skills | Short tennis: | | |
| Lesson focus on agility, balance, speed, | Focus on ball familiarisation. | Familiarisation of racket, grip and balance | | |
| strength and coordination. | Develop catching, passing, dribbling and striking. | Emphasis on basic stroke play. Introduction to competition. | | |
| Gymnastics. | Development of invasion, game play and | competition. | | |
| Development of more complex shapes, | positioning. Tactical play and decision making. | | | |
| jumps, rolls. Body control. | positioning, rection play and decision maxing. | | | |
| Vaulting on box, shapes and landing. | | | | |
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| Year 6 Games | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | | |
| Field run | Cross-country, long distance, interval training, steps work. | Boys and girls | | |
| Boys. | Boys. | Athletics. Work will be done on the less technical | | |
| Cricket: Development of catching, throwing, | • | jumping and throwing events (cricket or | | |
| fielding, bowling and striking. Introduction to game play and decision making. Introduction | Football. The pupils should be able to demonstrate competence when controlling | rounders ball). Different styles and speed of running will be explored as will different | | |
| to scenario batting, fielding pressure and variety in bowling. | the ball and also be able to show spatial awareness when passing in the game situation. Introduction of hockey | jumping techniques. The main thrust will be on the shorter sprint events including relay work. | | |
| Rugby. Continuation of skills based on NROP work on extra player to breakdown in ruck and maul situation. Continue with handling skills and introduction of kicking. (Following RFU guidelines) Girls. | Hockey. Understanding of basic passing techniques, rules of the game through play. Use of correct footwork, to receive the ball and pass the ball; tackling, shadowing, and safety. Pupils to have a good understanding of positional play, rules and the 7 a side game. | Cricket . Introduction of hard ball and cricket equipment. Further develop shot making techniques and continued concentration on bowling and fielding. | | |
| Hockey. Understanding of basic passing techniques, rules of the game through play. Use of correct footwork, to receive the ball and pass the ball; tackling, shadowing, and safety. Pupils to have a good understanding of positional play, rules and the 7 a side game | Girls. Netball. Sending and receiving, maintaining possession. Positional and invasion play through games. Development of technique. | | | |
| Football. Ball familiarization, simple passing, shooting and dribbling skills. Development of positional play. | | | | |

| Year 6 Swimming | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term | |
| ASA Personal Survival Level 2 | Continuation of: | Completion of: | |
| stroke development | ASA Personal Survival Level 2 | ASA Personal Survival Level 2 | |
| development of water polo skills | stroke development | development of water polo skills | |
| starts and turns | diving | | |
| speed swimming and endurance swimming | development of water polo skills | | |
| | | | |